

ALLIES PROCEEDING
WITH NEGOTIATIONS
WITHOUT ITALY'S AID

Premier Orlando Was Absent from the Deliberations at the Paris "White House" To-day, Following the Deadlock Which Developed Over the Claims of Italy for Fiume Yesterday.

JAPANESE QUESTIONS
TAKEN UP TO-DAY

President Wilson Is Said to Adhere to His Contention That Italy's Claims for Fiume Should Not Be Granted—He Has Prepared a Statement, but It Has Not Been Given Out.

Paris, April 22.—Vittorio Orlando, the Italian premier, was absent this morning when deliberations were resumed at the Paris "White House." President Wilson and Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau were present.

The president and two premiers went again into the Japanese questions presented by Baron Makino and Viscount Chinda, which were taken up when the deadlock over the Adriatic question was reached yesterday.

WASHINGTON WORRIED
OVER PEACE DEADLOCK
AT PARIS CONFERENCE

Pres. Wilson Will Take No Action That Will Jeopardize the League of Nations or Conflict with Its Fundamental Principles.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—Administration officials were advised in a confidential cablegram from Paris to-day that in the consideration of problems confronting the peace conference, such as Italy's Adriatic claims and the question of an alliance to protect France from future aggression, President Wilson would take no action which might in the slightest degree jeopardize the league of nations or conflict with its fundamental principles.

The message was a reply to a cablegram of inquiry regarding the president's attitude toward a secret alliance which, according to certain Paris newspapers, reported a special defensive pact to be entered into by France, Great Britain and the United States. The outcome of the present deadlock over Italy's Adriatic claims is awaited in official quarters here with evident anxiety. The situation as pictured in press dispatches is regarded as serious and there will be no message from Paris yesterday or to-day similar to those of last week reporting progress at the conference.

The complete text of the revised covenant of the league of nations was received at the state department to-day by cable from Paris. Acting Secretary Polk has asked the president for directions as to publication of the document. No instructions have been received, but it has been assumed here that the covenant would be made public upon the delivery of the peace treaty to the Germans and in accordance with the plan announced at Paris for giving publicity to the treaty.

NO DISCUSSIONS
AFTER MAY 15

German Delegates to Versailles May Seek Ratification by Their Government But No Plebiscite Will Be Allowed.

Paris, April 22 (Havas).—Discussion of the peace terms by the Versailles congress after the Germans are called in will not be continued longer than May 15, the Echo de Paris to-day declares. The Germans will be required to sign the peace conditions, subject only to ratification by their government, the allies not consenting that these conditions shall be submitted to a plebiscite, it adds.

The Paris press expresses satisfaction at the speedy subsidence of the flurry over the question of what German delegates should come to Versailles. The deduction is drawn that the only thing necessary to bring about the failure of such disloyal maneuvers by the Germans is to speak clearly and firmly to them.

It is pointed out that the only benefit, if there be any, which Germany has secured is to delay the opening of the negotiations for a few days. The solution is attributed by the press of all parties to the energetic attitude of the entente, which is accounted a good omen for the success of the Versailles negotiations.

GERMANS CONCEALING STUFF.

Armored Cars, Railway Engines and Cars, Says French Report.

Paris, April 22 (French Wireless Service).—The German government is building and concealing armored cars, railway

GERMAN DELEGATION
TO HAVE FULL POWER

(By the Associated Press.) Germany has bowed to the virtual ultimatum of the entente powers relative to the sending of "mere messengers" to the peace congress at Versailles and will be represented by a delegation having full powers to negotiate a treaty of peace.

This closes what seemed to threaten a grave complication in the work of the congress. The actual meeting of the allied and German delegates, however, probably will not occur until April 28, as the change in the German plans and the impossibility of having the draft of the treaty ready for presentation on April 25 makes a postponement of the historic gathering imperative. Germany is ready to call for a plebiscite on the treaty, it is reported from Berlin.

In the meantime, the Italian situation is a source of much concern in Paris. After conferences with Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau on Sunday and on Monday morning, Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy absented themselves from the meeting of the council of four on Monday afternoon. Whether this marked a virtual withdrawal of the Italians from the conference was not developed. President Wilson, still opposed to recognition of the treaty of London, under which Italy lays claim to Fiume and the Dalmatian coast, has prepared a statement on the subject which will be made public if the deadlock continues, it is said. This was expected on Monday night, but it was not issued from the Paris "White House."

engines and cars in upper Silesia, according to information received by the Munich correspondent of the Journal Des Debats. The armored cars, the numbers of several of which have been obtained by the correspondent, are being built in the car works at Gleiwitz. Each car is provided with two small guns. Twenty more cars have been ordered and the workmen have been promised a premium if they finish the cars rapidly.

In the Leibniz and Streselitz of upper Silesia, the correspondent adds, between 250 and 300 guns have been hidden to avoid handing them over to the allies. At Oppeln 18 new railway engines have been concealed.

BAVARIAN SOVIETS
ARE LOSING GROUND

Hoffman Ministry, Which Resumed Control of Munich, Is Feverishly Active—There Is Much Plundering of Towns in Bavaria.

London, April 22.—The military situation in Bavaria is improving, according to announcements made by the Hoffman ministry. The Spartacists, who took the town of Dachau, ten miles northwest of Munich, by violating the armistice with the government troops, have been repulsed and the government forces are now holding the place. Reinforcements are moving toward Munich from Ingolstadt, it is said.

The Hoffman ministry, which resumed control of the capital on Sunday, following the collapse of the soviet government on Saturday night, is feverishly active, according to reports. Delegates to the Diet are arriving daily and the assembly will meet soon. Russian prisoners of war, who have been released from camps in Germany, are doing guard duty at the railroad station.

Communist leaders are making earnest overtures to the people of southern Bavaria and are sending agents through the country making an appeal for support of women.

Ernest Toller, president of the soviet government, has left Munich, but Dr. Lewin, leader of the Bavarian independent socialists, M. Axelrod, the Russian socialist who assisted in the establishment of the soviet regime, and Herr Nishen, one of the soviet leaders, remain in the city.

There is much plundering of towns in Bavaria, according to reports and in places bitter fights have occurred between the communists and bourgeois. At Rosenburg ten hostages have been shot and a fine of \$5,000 marks has been imposed upon the city because of its lapse from communism. From Augsburg comes a report that the radical trend there is again increasing and there is a probability that the city will return to the soviet system.

MARTIAL LAW EXTENDED.

It Now Applies to Gujarat District in India.

Simla, India, Sunday, April 20.—Martial law has been proclaimed in the Gujarat district.

Disorders in Lahore and in districts north of Bombay have led to the declaration of martial law in a number of localities. Gujarat is in the northern part of Bombay province, its principal city being Baroda. It has a population of over 9,000,000.

SPENT NIGHT ON BRIDGE.

Five Hundred Strikers at Limerick, Ireland, Who Went Beyond Bounds.

Limerick, April 22 (By the Associated Press).—The 500 strikers who went outside the military limits of the city yesterday and who were not permitted to return over the Sarsfield bridge last evening, because they would not show military permits, spent the night on the bridge and resumed their demonstrations this morning. The soldiers were still on duty and would not permit the strikers to cross the bridge.

Up to noon to-day there had been no clashes between the opposing factions.

"Y. D." SOLDIERS
IN AUTO CRASH

Seven Artillery Men Plunged Down a 30-Foot Embankment

WHEN CAR FAILED
TO ROUND A TURN

One Man Has a Fractured Skull, Another Had His Arms Broken

Ayer, Mass., April 22.—Seven artillery men of the 26th division and two civilians were taken to the base hospital at Camp Devens to-day suffering from injuries received in an automobile accident.

The skull of Private John T. Thomas of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., was fractured, and Private George A. Thurl of North Adams received broken arms and lacerations. Both were members of B battery, 102d field artillery.

The men were riding in a public automobile from Lowell when the machine, failing to make a sharp curve near the Main street railroad bridge, crashed through a heavy guard rail and plunged over a 30-foot embankment. It turned over three times in the descent, scattering its passengers in all directions. A patrolman, who saw the accident, said the car was traveling nearly 50 miles an hour.

NEGRO ELUDED
MOB AND POLICE

The Baltimore Officers Had Thrust Him Into a House to Prevent Lynching and Isaiah Fountain Took the Occasion to Jump Out of Window.

Easton, Md., April 22.—Numerous parties of armed men are searching to-day for Isaiah Fountain, a negro who escaped from custody last night after an attempt had been made to lynch him. Fountain was on trial here charged with feloniously assaulting a 13-year-old white girl April 1, last. The girl had identified him as her assailant. Fountain was being taken to jail from court by a guard of Baltimore police through a crowd of more than 2,000 persons, which became so threatening toward the prisoner that the officers turned into the residence of the sheriff adjoining the jail. While they were holding the mob back, the accused negro was pushed inside the house and, seeing an open window, darted through it and escaped. He got several hours' start of his pursuers, owing to the fact that the mob refused to believe that he had gotten away.

REPATRIATING 500,000
RUSSIANS IN GROUPS

American Army Medical Officers Have Begun the Work Which Is Expected to Be Completed in About Six Weeks.

Coblenz, Monday, April 21 (By the Associated Press).—The task of repatriating approximately 500,000 Russian prisoners in the twenty camps in Germany, which have been under the supervision of American army medical officers, began a few days ago, according to word received by the branch of the American Red Cross here, and is expected to be completed in about six weeks. The Americans connected with relief work among Russian prisoners number more than 1,000. The principal duties of the Americans are to see that the Russians are properly fed and to supervise camp sanitation. Food shipments, handled by the American Red Cross, have been passing through Coblenz for several weeks, but these will cease soon and it is expected that within two months all American missions and soldiers in Germany, who have been connected with relief work among Russian prisoners, will be out of enemy territory.

Allied relief work at the various Russian camps was decided upon several months ago by the allies as a precaution against half a million Russians returning to their native land and joining the bolsheviks. Under the plan that is being followed, the Russians are being released in small groups, sent to various parts of the country and transported to their homes. In this way, officers believe, there is no danger of them joining the bolsheviks in large bodies.

LAUNCHING APRIL 30.

Superdreadnought Tennessee to Be Set Afloat.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—Announcement was made at the navy department to-day that the superdreadnought Tennessee, to be launched at the New York navy yard on April 30, probably with Acting Secretary Roosevelt, Governor Roberts of Tennessee, and Governor Smith of New York present. Construction of the Tennessee was begun nearly two years after the world war started and many of the lessons of the war were embodied in her design, special attention having been given to protection against torpedo attacks. The ship is 624 feet long over all, and will have a full load displacement of about 34,000 tons.

In her main battery will be twelve 14-inch 50 calibre guns and two 21-inch submerged torpedo tubes. Electrically driven engines are designed to give the vessel a speed of 21 knots an hour.

THREE U. S. PLANES
TO TRY BIG FLIGHT

Will Start from Rockaway Beach Early in May—Each Plane Will Carry Five Men.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—Three naval seaplanes, the NC-1, NC-3 and NC-4, will attempt the flight across the Atlantic ocean. They will leave Rockaway Beach early next month, but so far as is known no decision has been reached as to whether the route will be direct from Newfoundland to Ireland, or via the Azores.

Each plane is expected to carry a crew of five men, will be driven by four Liberty motors of a total of 1,800 horsepower, and will carry sufficient gasoline to make a stop on a direct flight to Ireland unnecessary unless storms or strong head winds are encountered.

U. S. AVIATORS HURRYING.

Their Preparations to Make the Flight Across Atlantic Ocean.

Rockaway Beach, N. Y., April 22.—Naval aviation officers are taking advantage of the excellent weather and hurrying their plans for the navy's proposed trans-Atlantic flight. The giant seaplane NC-2 was given a short test flight this morning, the boat rising in the air after skimming a few hundred yards over the surface of the water, circling around, landing on the water and then repeating the performance. The craft rose to a considerable height but the result of the tests was not disclosed.

The assembling of the NC-3 is virtually completed and will probably be ready for its first flight within a day or two. The NC-1, which was damaged by the gale weeks ago, is rapidly being overhauled and should be ready when the start is made early next month. Parts of the NC-4 have been delivered to the local station, but it is considered doubtful that she will participate in the overseas trip.

FAVORS REVISED COVENANT.

Senator Smead of Utah, a Republican, Likes Reported Changes.

Ogden, Utah, April 22.—That he will support the league of nations covenant provided it contains the amendments that have been reported by the newspapers was the statement of Senator Red Smead at a non-partisan meeting last night. The Utah senator said that he understood from newspapers that the covenant would include provisions as to the Monroe doctrine, that the league could not say how many troops should be supplied for foreign expeditions, that the league should not have control over internal affairs of any country, that no country would be required to become a mandatory against the wishes of its people.

"I would support any league of nations, pact or treaty, that would tend to lessen war," said the senator. "I would not turn over the United States to Asiatics or Europeans who had never known peace or liberty."

OPTIMISM FELT
OVER VICTORY LOAN

New England Reported Unofficially That \$35,000,000 Had Been Subscribed on the First Day.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—"A distinctive tone of optimism distinguished the scores of telegrams that arrived at the treasury department to-day," said an official review of the opening day of the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. Among the comments from chairmen of federal reserve district organizations indicative of the reports in general were these:

Philadelphia—"Not one-tenth as much enthusiasm ever has been evidenced in connection with a loan."

Boston—"Thirty-five million dollars unofficially reported to-day. Twenty cities and towns exceeded quota, headed by Proctor, Vt., with 300 per cent over-subscription."

FIVE AIRMEN WERE
BURNED TO DEATH

Big Handley-Page Machine Became Unmanageable and Collided with House, the Gasoline Tank Then Catching Fire.

Andover, England, April 22.—Five members of the crew of a big Handley-Page airplane were burned to death early to-day when the machine crashed to the earth as the result of an accident at the airfield at Neyhill, near here. The two others in the machine were injured severely.

All the occupants of the machine were army officers, including a major, a captain and two lieutenants. The machine failed to start off well and struck a telegraph pole. The undercarriage broke off and the machine fell on the roof of a hut used for sleeping purposes. The gasoline tank caught fire and the machine burned so quickly that it was impossible to reach the imprisoned crew. A lieutenant and sergeant managed to extricate themselves but were burned severely.

ASSOCIATED PRESS MEETING.

Was Held in New York To-day—Melville E. Stone Chief Speaker.

New York, April 22.—The annual meeting of the Associated Press was held here to-day, together with the annual luncheon of the members of the Waldorf-Astoria hotel. The members balloted the election of five directors to fill vacancies caused by expiring terms. It was not expected the result of the election would be known until late in the afternoon.

Melville E. Stone, the general manager, who recently returned from Paris, was the principal speaker at the luncheon.

ENLISTMENTS BOOM.

There Are 11,178 Volunteers for Replacements in Europe.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—Decided improvement in the result of the war department's recruiting campaign was shown to-day in the report for the week ended April 20, a total of 4,554 recruits entering the army. This brought the grand total to 11,178 who are available to replace the army of occupation. Enlistments for three years outnumbered those for one year three to one.

WIFE ACCUSED
OF MURDER

Following the Discovery of the Body of Eugene L. Fisher of Boston

MRS. FISHER DENIED
FIRING THE SHOTS

Fellow-Lodgers Said That the Couple Quarreled Frequently

Boston, April 22.—An investigation of shots in a Columbus avenue lodging house led to the discovery of the body of Eugene L. Fisher, formerly of Lewiston, Me., early to-day. His wife, Marie, was held by the police for examination as a witness and later was charged with murder. Fellow lodgers said that the couple had quarreled frequently during the past week. She denied having fired the shots that killed him. Mrs. Fisher is 20 years of age. Her husband was 24.

FIREMEN INJURED

AS LADDER SLIPPED AT \$350,000 FIRE

Several Stores in Scranton, Pa., Were Wiped Out To-day—Injured Firemen Were Working Three Stories Up.

Scranton, Pa., April 22.—Fire starting in the basement of the New Wallpaper company early to-day destroyed the structure and contents. It spread to the wholesale liquor store of the Scranton Distributing company and the adjoining Cohen block, the latter occupied by the Leonard Shoe company and Caton & Hopkins, women's wear, practically destroying their stocks. The loss is estimated at \$350,000.

Richard Lahey and Edwin Bader, firemen, who were fighting the flames, suffered broken arms and ankles when the ladder on which they were working slipped and precipitated them from the third story to the ground.

BODY MUCH MANGLED.

Caesar Gregoire Was Killed by Train at White River Junction.

White River Junction, April 22.—The body of Caesar Gregoire was found at daylight yesterday morning lying upon the track of the Central Vermont railway a mile above White River Junction. The body was terribly mangled and the supposition is that he was run over by the passenger train due here at 3:15 a. m. The body was taken in charge by the Hartford town selectmen, as the deceased had no known relatives in town, and placed in the mortuary of N. C. Powers to await possible further information. The deceased was about 25 years old and had worked in the yard of the Boston & Maine railroad for several months.

ARRIVED HOME TOO LATE.

Private Earl Rogers' Grandfather, Peter Rogers, Had Died at Danville.

Danville, April 22.—Private Earl Rogers of the 102d machine gun battalion got a furlough from Camp Devens Saturday to reach here if possible before the death of his grandfather, Peter Rogers, but the latter died yesterday morning, an hour before the boy arrived. He was a veteran of the Civil war and aged 82.

Private Rogers was captured in the first engagement of Co. B and kept five months in a German prison. His diet consisted of raw beets and he was compelled to work 12 hours a day under a German guard. He was reported missing after the engagement and later found in prison by the Red Cross, which probably saved his life by supplying him with nourishing food.

SAVED OUT OF PRISON.

Hiram Thornton of Montpelier Got Away from House of Correction.

Rutland, April 22.—George Palmerine, 54, of Rutland and Hiram Thornton, 21, of Montpelier saved their way out of the hospital of the house of correction Saturday night and dropped from the third-story window to the ground. Palmerine is five feet, eight inches tall, has light hair, and brown eyes. He was born in England and called Pittsford his home. His sentence, for two years for violation of parole, would have expired Aug. 20, 1920.

Thornton is of dark complexion, has blue eyes and brown hair. He was born in Saranac, N. Y., and calls Montpelier his home. His sentence, also for breach of parole, would have expired March 23, 1921.

COMING HOME SOON.

Various Hospital and Sanitary Units Have Been Assigned.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—The following army organizations were announced to-day as assigned to early convalescence:

Base hospitals numbers 15, 55 and 58; headquarters and company B, 501st engineers; evacuation hospital number 11; evacuation ambulance company number 67; 34th aero squadron; sanitary squad number 1; balloon number 10; transportation corps companies numbers 99 and 100.

ST. ALBANS VITAL STATISTICS.

Showed 22 Births and 12 Deaths During Month of March.

St. Albans, April 22.—The records at the office of City Clerk B. M. Hopkins show a total of four marriages, 22 births and 12 deaths during the month of March. Of the births, 11 were boys and 11 girls. The deaths showed four male and eight female.

During the month of February, there were six marriages, 35 births and 14 deaths. Of the births, eight were boys and seven girls. The deaths were divided into six male and eight female.

PLAINTIFF CLAIMS
MADE VERY NERVOUS

By Accusation of Theft of Pocketbook and Shaking Which Mrs. John Wahlen of Montpelier Is Alleged to Have Given to Ruth Brown in Montpelier.

The plaintiff in the case of Ruth Brown vs. Mrs. John Wahlen, being tried in Washington county court, rested late this forenoon and unless the defendant has a large number of witnesses, which appears unlikely, the case will be completed sometime tomorrow.

The plaintiff, Mrs. Brown, told on the stand yesterday afternoon of her being accused by the defendant of stealing a pocketbook from the millinery store of the defendant. She asserted Mrs. Wahlen took her by the arm and shook her trying to make her admit the theft. She testified that as the result of this unjust allegation she was made highly nervous and that she has been unable since that time properly to pursue her studies in a business school in Montpelier.

Other witnesses for the plaintiff included her father, Elmer Brown, Ira Richardson, principal of the business school which she was attending at the time of the incident, and Arthur E. White of Montpelier. Mr. Richardson testified that shortly after he telephoned Mrs. Wahlen in regard to the matter that she called him up and informed him that the pocketbook had been found.

AGREEMENT REACHED IN A CASE.

In county court an entry of stipulation for judgment, which means an agreement has been reached between the contesting parties, has been entered in the case of George W. Terry Co. vs. Jildo C. Cappel and Peoples National bank of Barre. The case of Waldo H. Farrar vs. J. C. Farrar, general assumption, to recover the amount of a note, \$465, has been entered. The plaintiff contends that the defendant has benefited by the money derived from the note for which the plaintiff and others were surety and seeks to recover the money.

ACCUSED MAN, WARM, SHOWS INTEREST

When Taken Into Court at St. Albans to Meet the Charge of Murder of Jennie Hemmingway.

St. Albans, April 22.—Shortly after the opening of Franklin county court at 9 o'clock this morning, Chief of Police James F. Mahoney and Deputy Sheriff J. B. Alfred escorted to the courthouse Robert Warm, who is to be placed on trial for the alleged murder of Jennie Hemmingway, 14 years old, in this city Sunday night, Aug. 12, 1917.

Outside the door of the courtroom Warm was met by Russell M. Austin, his junior counsel, and went with Mr. Austin to the table, where he was seated between Mr. Austin and his father, C. G. Austin.

Warm was somewhat paler than before he served his time in state prison, from which place he was brought back to the Franklin county jail last November. Warm appears much interested in everything going on about him and as he sat at the table he looked over some papers there, and once, as C. G. Austin was writing the name of a juror, Warm corrected the name.

Only a handful of people were in the courtroom this morning and up to the time court took a recess at noon, the panel of jurors had not been completed. Up to that time, eight had been excused, all having expressed an opinion on the case. A special panel of 40 jurors was given the oath this morning and already their ranks have been drawn upon in an attempt to get 12 competent to sit on the case.

Judge Stanley C. Wilson of Chelsea is presiding. Warm says he is more hopeful of acquittal than before.

BURIAL AT BARRE.

Following Arrival of Leon J. Counter's Body from Florida.

The funeral of Leon J. Counter, who died at Deland, Fla., last Friday of tubercular meningitis, was held from the home of C. A. Heath, 169 Washington street, this forenoon at 9:30 o'clock, the body having reached Barre last night, accompanied by his wife, Rev. B. G. Lipsky of the Hedding Methodist church officiated, and the bearers were three brothers, Oliver, James W. and George Counter, and Fred E. Heath of Barre. Interment was in Hope cemetery. There were many relatives and friends present at the service.

Mr. Counter was born at Lyme, N. H., June 7, 1870, being the son of Oliver and Sarah (Kinney) Counter, and the greater part of his life was spent in Barre and Montpelier. He was a tool sharpener by trade, having served his time in that occupation at the James & Crickbank plant in Barre. For some time he was engaged in the granite business in Montpelier. He leaves his wife, who was May Heath, and an adopted daughter; also three brothers, Oliver Counter of Lyndonville, James W. Counter of Montpelier and George Counter of Burlington; a half-sister, Mrs. Eugene Bresham of Blackhall, Ind. Among the attending the funeral were two nephews, William Counter of Weymouth, Mass., and Arthur Counter of Windsor.

Because of ill health Mr. Counter had spent the winter in Florida, as he had done the previous winter.

BOY FATALLY BURNED.

Four-Year-Old Boy Fell Into Pail of Boiling Water Containing Potash.

Rutland, April 22.—Henry Frankiewicz, four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Frankiewicz, was fatally burned by falling into a pail of boiling water which contained potash.

The young boy's mother was using the water and potash to clean the floor of the room in which Henry and his little sister, Ida, were playing with a toy box, when the little girl let go of her end of the box, causing Henry to fall backwards, directly into the pail. Mrs. Frankiewicz, whose back was turned, heard the screams and in a moment had pulled the boy out of the pail, but not until he had been terribly burned all over his back, from his shoulders to his feet.

Drs. Gale and Ball were summoned and after dressing the burns, the J. B. Stearns ambulance was summoned and the child was taken to the Rutland hospital, where he died Saturday afternoon.

The family has lived in Rutland about five years, coming to the city from Poland. Besides the sister, Ida, the parents have another boy, four weeks old.

VEDIC BROUGHT
FEW 26TH MEN

Naval Transport's Passengers Included Part of the 103d Field Artillery

NEW JERSEY COMES
ON WEDNESDAY

The Latter Is Bringing the Remainder of the Division

Boston, April 22.—The naval transport Vedic brought 38 officers and 2,180 enlisted men to this port to-day. Included in the number were 200 members of the Yankee division. They were attached to the 103d field artillery, recruited from New Hampshire, Connecticut and the New England coast artillery and Pennsylvania and Connecticut casual companies made up the remainder of the passenger list.

The debarkation of the troops began as soon as the transport reached here. No one was permitted to board the steamship. All the men were taken first to Camp Devens to be distributed to other camps near their homes for final discharge.

The last of the units of the 26th are due to-morrow on the battleship New Jersey. Troops on board include the 101st ammunition train with 21 officers and 850 men, evacuation ambulance company 27 with one officer and 30 men, and 16 casual companies with 16 officers and 238 men.

VETERANS TO RIDE.

More Than 500 Will Be in the Boston Parade.

Boston, April 22.—More than 500 wounded veterans of the Yankee division will ride in the divisional parade here next Friday, officials at the northeastern army headquarters announced to-day. The first of these men are on the way here from the army hospital at Washington, with furloughs which will permit them to remain until after the parade. Others are coming within the next few days from hospitals around New York and other points along the coast.

Officials said to-day that there would be well over 20,000 men in line for the parade. Eighteen thousand of these are still in the service, and 2,500 who have been discharged are expected to don their uniforms again and march with their comrades. The discharged men will not be armed.

Army officers who have gone over the line of march estimate that more than 300,000 persons will be able to witness the spectacle.

GOOD FIRST DAY SALE

Of Victory Loan Reported by the Barre Banks.

The Barre banks report a good sale of Victory loan bonds for the first day of the sale, although the amount sold is not yet available. A meeting of the Liberty loan committee will be held this afternoon to decide whether a house to house canvass will be held to stimulate the sale of the bonds.

One of the interesting exhibits that have come to the local committee from the headquarters of the drive are five German helmets which had been made for the purpose of use by the German soldiers when they made their expected triumphal entry of Paris. The helmets are of light construction and, therefore, suited merely for display purposes. It is said that a huge supply of these helmets was captured by the allies during their victorious rush following the battle of Chateau Thierry. The helmets are generally of small size, not at all suitable to an American head of say No. 7 size.

HAS FLYING START.

New England's Campaign for Victory Loan Productive on First Day.

Boston, April 22.—New England got away with a flying start in the first day of the Victory loan drive. Official reports received by the federal reserve bank here to-day from 501 of the 554 banks in this district showed a total of \$21,577,000, and members of the New England committee felt certain there were many subscriptions turned in too late to be included in the total.